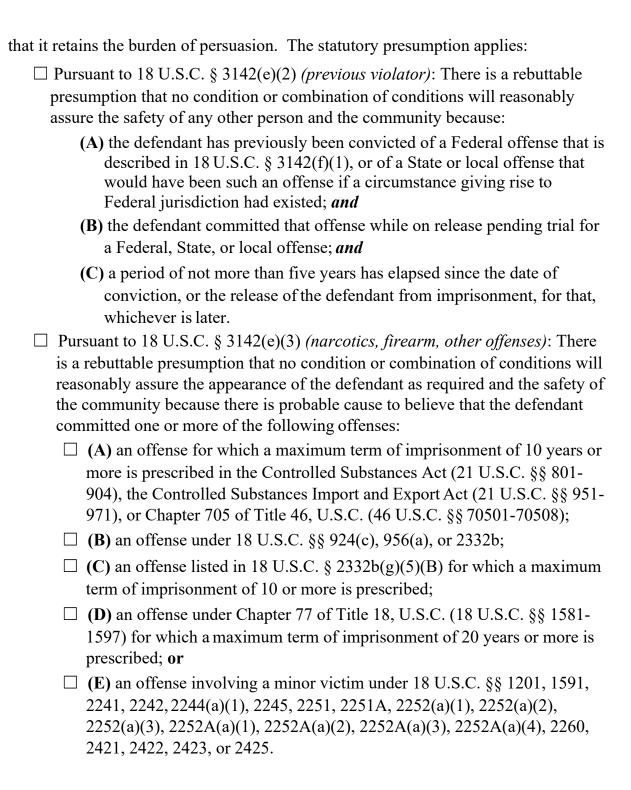
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF UTAH

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	UNITED STATES' MOTION FOR DETENTION
Plaintiff,	DETERMION
v. JAMES BRENNER, Defendant.	Case No. 2:22-mj-00439 DAO
☐ The United States is not seeking detention. ☐ The United States moves for detention based on current information. The United States' positions in this preliminary pleading could change after reviewing the Pretrial Report or learning of additional evidence. The United States reserves the right to assert positions even if the boxes next to those positions are not checked below, raise additional arguments, and file additional pleadings in support of detention. The United States' motion for detention is:	
□ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) because	se defendant is charged with:
☐ (A) a crime of violence (see 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4)), a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591 (sex trafficking of children), or an offense under § 2332b(g)(5)(B) (specific enumerated crimes) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or	
	mum sentence is life imprisonment or death;
or ☐ (C) an offense for which a maximum.	um term of imprisonment of 10 years or

more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or	
□ (D) any felony if the defendant has been convicted of two or more offenses described in (a) through (c) above, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in (a) through (c) above if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or	
⊠ (E) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves: (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession or use of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250;	
OR	
☐ Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2) because the case involves:	
 □ (A) a serious risk the defendant will flee; or □ (B) a serious risk the defendant will obstruct or attempt to obstruct justice, or threaten, injure, intimidate, attempt to threaten, injure, or intimidate a prospective witness or juror. 	
Procedure	
The defendant may seek a continuance of the detention hearing of up to five days, and the United States may seek a continuance of up to three days. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f). During any such continuance, the defendant shall be detained. <i>Id.</i> The rules concerning the admissibility of evidence do not apply at the detention hearing. <i>Id.</i> The United States has the burden of persuasion by clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably the safety of any other person and the community or by a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. <i>Id.</i> ; <i>United States v. Cisneros</i> , 328 F.3d 610, 616 (10 th Cir. 2003).	
Rebuttable Presumption	
☐ A rebuttable presumption applies, and the defendant bears the burden to produce some credible evidence to rebut this presumption. The United States acknowledges	



Factors to Be Considered

The United States may present arguments, proffer evidence, or provide testimony at the scheduled detention hearing supporting the detention of the defendant including,

but not limited to:

□ The nature and circumstances of the offense charged, including whether the offense is a crime of violence, a violation of section 1591, a Federal crime of terrorism, or involves a minor victim or a controlled substance, firearm, or destructive device. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(1)).

See Complaint.

The defendant was squatting on property belonging to S.H. and R.I. that is adjacent to D.R. D.R. was reporting missing on May 30, 2022, and his whereabouts are unknown. The defendant is known to have had contact with D.R., and is a suspect in D.R.'s disappearance.

A search warrant was executed on the defendant's trailer revealing black powder firearms equipment. D.H. was interviewed by FBI and admitted that the defendant asked him to hold black powder firearms and a .22 caliber Winchester rifle. The defendant hand delivered the rifles to D.H. and asked him to hold them for him.

 \boxtimes The weight of evidence against the defendant. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(2)).

The weight against the defendant is strong and should be weighed heavily against him. Eyewitness identification establishes that the defendant removed the firearms and the .22 caliber rifle after being questioned about the disappearance of D.R. and delivered them directly to D.H. The defendant is a convicted felon and cannot posses the .22 Caliber rifle.

□ The history and characteristics of the defendant including the defendant's character, physical and mental condition, family ties, employment, financial resources, length of residence in the community, community ties, past conduct, history relating to drug or alcohol abuse, criminal history and record concerning court proceedings. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(A)).

The defendant has a significant criminal history including Malicious Wounding, Malicious Shooting and three convictions for Felon in Possession of a firearm.

The defendant was previously residing in Illinois where his convictions rest.

The defendant has no work history and is currently unemployed and has no verifiable residence. The defendant was trespassing and squatting on property

□ Whether, at time of the current offense or arrest, the defendant was on probation, parole, or other release pending trial, sentencing, appeal, or completion of sentence for an offense under Federal, State, or local law. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(3)(B)).	
☑ The nature and seriousness of danger to any person or to the community that would be posed by the defendant's release. (18 U.S.C. § 3142(g)(4)).	
The defendant is a suspect in the disappearance of D.R.	
☐ The defendant's lack of legal status in the United States. The defendant's legal status is:	
☐ How the defendant would be subject to removal or deportation after serving a period of incarceration.	
 □ The defendant's significant family or other ties outside of the United States. □ The defendant's use of aliases or false documents. 	
☐ The defendant's prior attempts to evade law enforcement.	
☐ The defendant's prior failures to appear for court proceedings.	
☐ Other reasons including:	
Victim Notification	
☐ The United States has notified any identified victim, or attempted to do so, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3771.	
\Box The position of the victim on the detention of the defendant is that the victim would seek detention of the defendant.	
☐ The victims in this matter seek a no contact order.	
□ This matter does not involve a victim requiring notification.	
DATED this 5th day of July 2022.	
/s/Carlos A. Esqueda Carlos A. Esqueda Assistant United States Attorney	